THE REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION

NAME AND SURNAME:

1. Divide the following words into primary or secondary sexual characteristics in men or women. Oocytes, penis, deeper voice, wider shoulder, vulva, breast development, ejaculation, chest and back hair, clítoris, spermatozoa, menstruation.

Primary sexual characteristics

Secondary sexual characteristics

2. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false. Correct the false sentences in your notebook.

- a. Human reproduction is asexual
- b. Secondary sex characteristics develop during childhood
- c. Human fertilisation takes place inside the female body
- d. All human are oviparous
- e. Adulthood begins at 65

3. Find the correct words for these definitions and write them at the end of the sentence.

- a. Sac of skin that covers the testicles
- b. Ducts were spermatozoa mature
- c. Glands that produce fluids to mix with sperm
- d. Spongy masss that enabl penis erection
- e. Liquid that protects spermatozoa against vaginal acidity
- 4. Draw a spermatozoon and name all its parts

5. Match each parto f the male reproductive system to its function

Testicles	Ducts that collect and transport spermatozoa	
Urethra	Organs that produce gametes and hormones	
Vas deferens	It produces prostatic liquid	
Prostate	Duct that communicates with the outside	
Gland	Retractable piece of skin	
Foreskin	Final wider parto of the penis	
Reproductive tract	It expels spermatozoa during ejaculation	

6. Match each parto f the female reproductive system to its function

Ovaries	A very sensitive and erectile organ
Fallopian tubes	Folds of skin that are the parto f the vaginal opening
Uterus	Set of female genitals
Vagina	It is the place were the foetus develops until birth
Vulva	A tubular structure that is very elastic
Labia	They carry oocytes from the ovaries to the uterus
Clítoris	They produce oocytes and sex hormones

7. Match these elements with their functions

Umbilical cord	Organ that allows exchanges between the mother and the embryo
Placenta	The place were the foetus develops until birth
Uterus	Sac full of liquid were the embryo floats
Amniotic sac	Tube that transports nutrients and waste

8. What pathogens cause these diseases? Bacteria, Virus, Fungi or Protozoa

a.	Genital herpes:	e.	Trichomoniasis:
b.	Candidiasis:	f.	AIDS:
c.	Hepatitis B:	g.	Syphilis:
d.	Human papilomavirus:	h.	Gonorrhoea:

9. Match the words to their definitions

Ligation	Thin latex sheath
Vaginal ring	Cutting of the vas deferens
Condom	Transparent sheath with two rings
Spermicidal cream	Hormones that inhibit ovulation
UID	Gel that kills spermatozoa
Vasectomy	Blockage of the fallopian tubes
Pill	Intrauterine device
Female condom	Flexible and transparent ring

10. Match these diseases to their definitions. Then clasiffy them into diseases occuring in women, men or both.

	Disease	Definition	Women, men or both
1.	Prostatitis	a. Constriction of the office of the prepuce so as to prevent the foreskin from being drawn back to uncover the glans penis	
2.	Vaginismus	b. No table to produce offspring	
3.	Endometriosis	c. Abnormally difficult or painful menstruation	
4.	Amenorrhoea	d. Incomplete descent of on or both testicles through the inguinal canal down into the scrotum	
5.	Cryptorchidism	e. Abnormal absence of menstruation	
6.	Phimosis	f. Abnormal growth of endometrial tissue outside the uterus	
7.	Dysmnorrhoea	g. A painful spasm of the vagina	
8.	Sterility	h. Inflamation of the prostate	

11. IN YOUR NOTEBOOK, Make a list with 30 significant words of these units, and their meaning.